

Assigned to House

Subcommittee

Careers & Workforce

Assigned to Senate

Assigned to House

Assigned to House

Assigned to House

Subcommittee

Careers & Workforce

Assigned to Senate

Assigned to Senate

Assigned to House

Assigned to Senate

Passed by Senate

Governmental

Oversight and

Accountability

Assigned to Senate

Assigned to Senate

Assigned to House

Assigned to Senate

Assigned to Senate

Passed by Senate

Environment, and

Assigned to House

Assigned to House

Professional Activities

Government

Subcommittee

Operations

Industries &

Subcommittee

Assigned to House

Assigned to House

Assigned to House

Assigned to House

Professional Activities

Special Session bill

Assigned to House

Student Academic

Assigned to House

Assigned to House

Intergovernmental

Assigned to House

Assigned to House

Assigned to House

Technology Budget &

Policy Subcommittee

Information

Government

Operations

Subcommittee

Subcommittee

Careers & Workforce

Affairs Subcommittee

Administration

Subcommittee

Education

Subcommittee

2/13/2025.

Success

passed by Legislature.

Signed by Governor on

Industries &

Subcommittee

Government

Operations

Subcommittee

Government

Subcommittee

Operations

Government

Operations

Subcommittee

General Government

Committee on

Agriculture,

Health Policy

Committee

Criminal Justice

Committee

Human Services

Subcommittee

Regulated Industries

Criminal Justice

Committee

Committee

Governmental

Oversight & Accountability

Committee

Education

Administration

Subcommittee

Education

Committee

Postsecondary

Agriculture Committee

Administration

Subcommittee

Administration Subcommittee

Education

Education

Elder Affairs Committee

Children, Families, and

Subcommittee

Administration

Subcommittee

Education

Subcommittee

Careers & Workforce

Careers & Workforce

Administration

Subcommittee

Subcommittee

Education



March 10, 2025

Legislative Update

The 2025 Legislative Session kicked off on Tuesday, March 4. The Florida Legislature will meet in session for the next 60 days, concluding their work on Friday, May 2. In that time, the Florida House and Senate will be responsible for passing legislation as well as a balanced budget.

President Avendano along with Trustees Bell and McGehee attended the Council of President's Trustee Legislative Fly In February 3 - 4, 2025 in Tallahassee. During that visit, FSCJ was able to share the College's

legislative priorities with members of the Duval Delegation as well as key members of Senate and House leadership.

FSCJ SGA Students Meet with Duval Delegation

The FSCJ Student Government Association attended the FCSSGA Nassau counties including Senator Davis (pictured), Senator

Advocacy Conference in Tallahassee last month. FSCJ student leaders had the opportunity to meet with members representing Duval and Yarborough, Speaker Pro Tempore Duggan, Representative Michael, and Representative Nixon.

ACADEMIC AFFAIRS

Bill Tracking

HB 37 / SB 204

The bills revise provisions relating to teacher & educator preparation programs, educator (Similar bills) certification requirements, & educator in service training requirements to require certified educators

to receive training relating to mass casualty incidents. The bills provide application requirements and examination and licensure qualifications for dental

(Similar bills) therapists; authorizes a dental therapist to perform specified services under the supervision of a dentist under certain conditions.

The bills revise the approval and operational HB <u>526</u> / SB <u>919</u> requirements for nursing education programs in (Similar bills) Florida. Among other changes, the bills authorize the Department of Health to conduct onsite inspections, revise annual reporting requirements, requires at least 50% clinical training in the U.S. and no more

colleges to increase the money-back guarantee from

The bills revise educational training, instruction, and

universities. The bills, among other things, remove

bans on specific types of racial, sexual, and gender

concerning the use of personal titles and pronouns.

preparation programs, including establishing the Coaching for Educator Readiness and Teaching

requirements, and updating program criteria like candidate readiness and [performance measures.

The bills require the Bureau of Workforce Statistics

automation, artificial intelligence, and robotics on employment in the state. The bills authorize the bureau to consult with specified entities to complete

Rehabilitation, the Division of Blind Services, and the

Department of Education to the Agency for Persons with Disabilities (APD). The bills create a transition

The bills prohibit Florida College System institutions

& state universities from accepting applications of or

The bills prohibit discrimination based on protected

hairstyle in K-20 public education system & specified

The bills mandate Florida College System institutions

and state universities, in collaboration with the State

Office on Homelessness, to prioritize placements in residence halls and dormitories for young adults in or aging out of the foster care system and those experiencing homelessness. The bills also require educational institutions to give these students first priority for institution-operated housing, year-round

housing, and work-study opportunities without needing a cosigner or guarantor for housing.

The bills establish the Hunger-Free Campus Pilot

institutions for one year. Three state higher

Program to combat hunger at public postsecondary

education institutions will be selected for the pilot.

The bills make many changes to various education

statutes including, providing tuition assistance for

active members of the Florida State Guard, revising

submission dates and content of annual reports for

procedures for cases of sex discrimination in public postsecondary institutions under Title IX, revising the appointment processes and term limits for Florida College System institution presidents, now requiring State Board of Education approval for these actions, repealing certain scholarships and minority-focused educational programs, and making

changes to allowable expenditures of PIPELINE

The bills implement various changes regarding

governance and regulations in Florida's higher

education institutions including, setting term limits

for members and chairs of Florida College System

institution boards of trustees, removing the State Board of Education's approval for actions related to the president of a Florida College System institution and mandates the formation of a presidential search committee, mandating inclusion of supplemental textbooks and instructional materials in course lists, and revising syllabi posting requirements to include

The bill prohibits a political subdivision, among

others, from giving preference to a vendor on the

basis of the race or ethnicity of the vendor or an

owner or associate thereof and may not allow a

vendor to award subcontracts on such a basis.

The bills prohibit governmental entities (including

represent a political viewpoint, including those

state colleges) from erecting or displaying flags that

related to political parties, race, sexual orientation,

The bill prohibits possessing or using a firearm in

defined sensitive locations, including healthcare facilities, government buildings, parks, places of

worship, public transport vehicles and stations,

educational institutions, and venues serving alcohol

The bill revises the definition of the terms "smoking"

public places, including government buildings and

and "vape" or "vaping" and prohibits smoking in

The bill expands the range of emergency opioid

educational institutions can use and maintain.

not limited to, any dormitory or residence hall

The bills prohibit public employers from taking

specific exceptions related to job performance impairment. It also allows qualified patients

adverse personnel actions based on an employee's

or applicant's qualified medical marijuana use, with

subjected to adverse personnel actions to seek legal remedies including reinstatement, compensation, and other damages within 180 days of the alleged

The bills prohibit the state group insurance program

from imposing any cost-sharing requirement upon

an enrollee with respect to coverage for diagnostic

breast examinations or supplemental breast

The bills prohibit a bargaining team of a public

during an executive session during bargaining

officer or the legislative body of the employer.

The bill amends state laws to broaden financial

the deduction of union dues from employees'

salaries by certified bargaining agents beyond

and removes the requirement for employee

public school or a public institution of higher

benefits for workers and requirements for employers

in handling heat exposure and union dues; expands

specific law enforcement and emergency personnel;

organizations to petition for recertification if under 60 percent of eligible employees are members.

The bills state a faculty or staff member of any K-12

education may not use e-mail, offices, or time during

working hours for political advocacy. The bills also

allow certain political activities on school grounds, such as candidate forums, political advertisements under the same terms as other groups, and noncampaign-based voter registration and education

The bills amend the requirements of the disclosure

statement to public employees joining a union. The

applications. The bills amend application and voting

procedures for certification and decertification. The bills provide that public employers, their agents or representatives, or any persons acting on their behalf may not provide any form of compensation

or paid leave to a public employee, directly or

organization activities.

gender expression.

violations.

requirements.

facilities.

enrollment.

indirectly, for the purpose of engaging in employee

The bills create the "Freedom of Conscience in the

Workplace Act." The bills state that it is an unlawful

employment practice for the state or any county,

municipality, special district, or other political

employment, any training, instruction, or other activity on sexual orientation, gender identity, or

The bill creates the "Wage Fairness Act." The bill

prohibits asking a candidate for any previous wage

The bill amends state statute to allow out of state fee

waivers to apply only to students who are citizens of

the United States or lawfully present in the United

States. Students who have been given the waiver must be reevaluated for eligibility by July 1, 2025.

The bills amend current statutes and eligibility

Program, enhancing support and preparation

Florida College System institutions to develop

criteria for the Florida Bright Futures Scholarship

resources for certain high school students. Identifies

secondary education courses aligned with specified

The bills provide that a person may not lose his or

his or her incarceration in specified correctional

her resident status for tuition purposes due solely to

Expands the Educational Dollars for Duty program to

include financial assistance for spouses and children

The bills provide that certain students enrolled in

adult education programs are eligible for dual

The bills prohibit governmental entities from

products, including computers, printers, or

personal identifying information.

entering into certain contracts for products and

services with foreign countries of concern if foreign

countries have specific ownership interests in those

interoperable or videoconferencing devices. The bills remove provisions which prohibit local governments from entering into or renewing specified contracts with certain entities if doing so would give access to

of active Florida National Guard members.

or salary information, among other things, during

the hiring process and creates penalties for

subdivision to require, as a condition of

bills amend the requirements for bargaining unit

employer from disclosing any information discussed

unless specifically permitted by the chief executive

antagonists public K-12 schools and postsecondary

The bill permits a person to carry a firearm on the

property of any college or university, including, but

owned or operated by a college or university, and in any other location he or she is legally authorized to do so. The bill states that the Department of Law Enforcement may authorize a college or university, while hosting or sponsoring a sporting or athletic event, to designate a campus facility or area as a sensitive location in which the possession of a concealed weapon or a concealed firearm is prohibited. A security plan is required.

detailed course information.

gender, or political ideology.

or cannabis.

schools.

violation.

examinations.

funding.

apprenticeship programs, renaming the "Florida Educational Equity Act" to the "Florida Educational Equality Act," establishing stricter investigative

admitting individuals who are undocumented for

and Economic Research of the Department of

Commerce to study the economic impact of

the study, including academic experts.

The bills transfer the Division of Vocational

Federal Rehabilitation Trust Fund from the

advisory working group.

federal immigration purposes.

private schools.

programming standards in Florida colleges and

identity instruction and discards constraints on discussions surrounding systemic inequities and

identity politics. The bills repeals a statute

The bill makes many changes to educator

Certification Program, revising mentorship

three programs to six.

than 50% of training to be simulation. As to the Florida College System, the bill instructs HB <u>571</u> / SB <u>1094</u> the State Board of Education to adopt regulations for (Identical bills) awarding postsecondary credit and career education clock hours for apprenticeship and preapprenticeship training. It establishes a workgroup under the Articulation Coordinating Committee to develop postsecondary course

equivalencies for apprenticeship programs, with a deadline for recommendations by March 1, 2026. It specifies that state universities, Florida College System institutions, and career centers must award credit or clock hours based on these equivalencies, with guarantees for statewide transfer. The bills amend state screening standards to allow HB <u>573</u> / SB <u>1334</u> individuals with certain past criminal offenses to be (Identical bills)

eligible for educator certification and employment under specific circumstances. The bills create a funding formula for registered HB <u>681</u> / SB <u>1458</u> apprenticeship and preapprenticeship programs, (Identical bills) aiming to simplify distribution, enhance access, and promote growth to meet workforce demands. The bills expand and revise provisions related to HB <u>1145</u> / SB <u>742</u> Florida's workforce development funding and (Similar bills) policies including, allowing charter schools to apply for the Cap Grant and requiring school districts and

HB <u>811</u> / SB <u>930</u> (Similar bills)

HB <u>875</u>

HB<u>827</u> / SB <u>936</u>

(Identical bills)

STUDENT AFFAIRS HB <u>855</u> / SB <u>244</u>

(Similar bills)

HB <u>387</u> / SB <u>476</u>

(Similar bills)

HB <u>1103</u> / SB <u>1050</u>

(Identical bills)

HB <u>879</u> / SB <u>584</u> (Similar bills)

HB <u>980</u> / SB <u>1245</u>

(Similar bills)

COLLEGE OPERATIONS HB <u>1307</u> / SB <u>1624</u> (Similar bills)

SB <u>1694</u>

FACILITIES

HB <u>75</u> / SB <u>100</u>

(Identical bills)

HB <u>1321</u> / SB <u>1726</u>

(Identical bills)

SB <u>226</u>

SB <u>188</u>

HB <u>355</u>

HB <u>814</u>

HUMAN RESOURCES

(Identical bills) HB <u>141</u>/ SB <u>158</u>

(Similar bills)

HB 997 / SB 1066

(Identical bills)

HB <u>1177</u>

HB <u>83</u> / SB <u>142</u>

HB <u>1233</u> / SB <u>1250</u>

(Identical bills)

HB <u>1387</u> / SB <u>1766</u> (Identical bills)

HB <u>1495</u> / SB <u>440</u>

(Identical bills)

HB 1619 STUDENT FINANCIAL AID

SB <u>2C</u>

HB <u>17</u>/ SB <u>1368</u> (Similar bills)

HB <u>135</u> / SB <u>336</u> (Identical bills) HB <u>467</u> / SB <u>644</u> (Identical bills)

HB <u>45</u> / SB <u>360</u>

(Identical bills)

INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY HB <u>977</u> / SB <u>1538</u> (Identical bills)

HB <u>1183</u> / SB <u>1576</u> (Identical bills)

The bills establish that certain entities, including political subdivisions, are not liable for cybersecurity incidents under specific compliance conditions. It shields covered entities and third-party agents from class action liability resulting from cybersecurity incidents if they comply with specified regulations and cybersecurity standards or have an appropriate cybersecurity program in place. We'd love your feedback! On a scale of 1 to 10, how satisfied are you with the new design and content of this newsletter? 2 3 4 5 6 7 If you have any questions or comments about bills being tracked or other matters not included in the

update, please feel free to contact Taylor Mejia Roberts, Director of Government and Community Relations. **Email**

Website Contact

President Avendano and Trustees Visit the Capitol