

Program 3 Seven Step Problem Solving Methodology Skeleton

Problem Statement for Body Mass Index Program Enhancement:

Design a program that calculates a person's body mass index (BMI). The BMI is often used to determine whether a person with a sedentary lifestyle is overweight or underweight for his or her height. A person's BMI is calculated with the following formula:

$$\text{BMI} = (\text{weight times } 703) \text{ divided by height squared}$$

In the formula, weight is measured in pounds and height is measured in inches. Enhance the program so it displays a message indicating whether the person has optimal weight, is underweight, or is overweight. A sedentary person's weight is considered to be optimal if his or her BMI is between 18.5 and 25.0. If the BMI is less than 18.5, the person is considered to be underweight. If the BMI value is greater than 25.0, the person is considered to be overweight.

To avoid using a magic number, create a constant to represent the 703: declare constant real BMI_FACTOR set to 703.

1. Word Analysis: (Which nouns suggest a need for memory (a variable) and which verbs suggest a need for action (a function maybe).

Nouns:

Program
BMI
Person
Lifestyle
Overweight
Underweight
Optimal weight
Height
Weight
Formula
Pounds
Inches
Message
Value
BMI_Factor

Verbs:

design
calculates
is used
determines
is calculated
times
divided
squared
measured
displays
has
is
is considered
is between
is less than
Is greater than
create

2. **Variable Chart:** (Conversion of verbs into camelCase variable names).

	Input	Interim	Output
Function			
main		BMI	
		healthStatus	
		weight	
		height	
getWeight			totalWeight
getHeight			totalHeight
setMass			totalMass
	localVarWeight		
	localVarHeight		
setOverUnder			wellBeing
	localVarMass		
showBMI			
	localVarMass		
	localVarHealth		

Global Constants:

Constant real BMI_FACTOR = 703

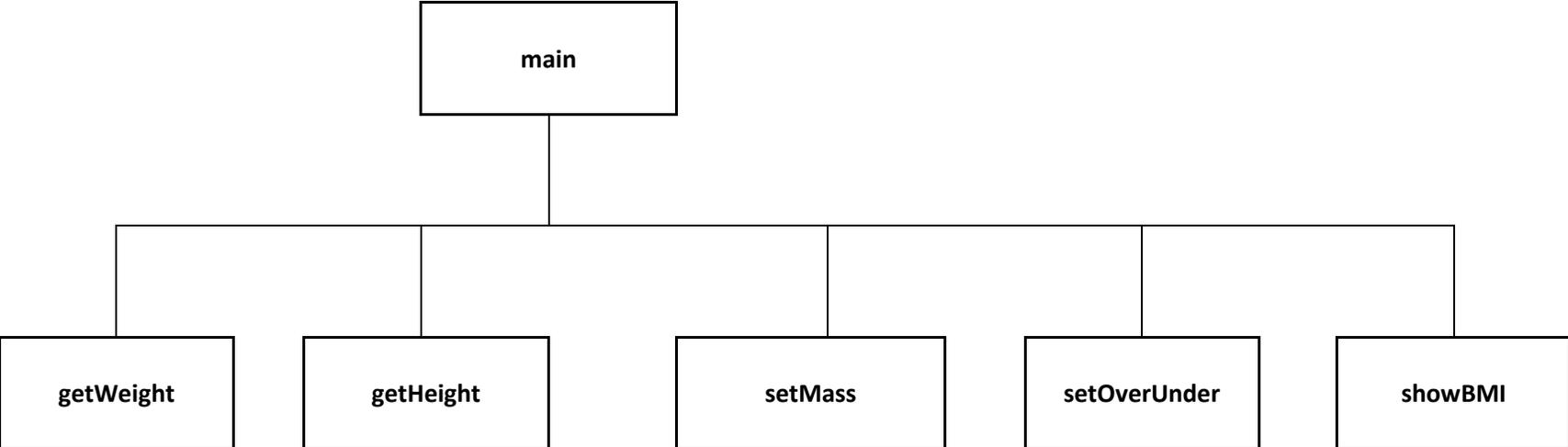
Constant real MASS_LOWER_LIMIT = 18.5

Constant real MASS_UPPER_LIMIT = 25.0

3. **Major Task List** (Keep it abstract; focus on the “what” high level)

- a. Determine health status using BMI
- b. Display results

4. **Structure Chart** (Your blue print plan for your functions...who calls who)



5. Pseudo Code

```
//Declare global constants  
Declare constant real BMI_FACTOR = 703  
Declare constant real MASS_LOWER_LIMIT = 18.5  
Declare constant real MASS_UPPER_LIMIT = 25.0
```

```
//Define Function Prototypes  
Function real getWeight()  
Function real getHeight()  
Function real setMass(real, real)  
Function string setOverUnder(real)  
Function void showBMI(string, real)
```

Begin function main

```
    // Declare variables  
    Declare real weight  
    Declare real height  
    Declare real BMI  
    Declare string healthStatus  
                                     //Body Mass Index  
                                     //Optimal, Under, or Over weight  
  
    // Get the user's weight  
    Set weight = Call getWeight()  
  
    // Get the user's height  
    Set height = Call getHeight()  
  
    // Calculate the user's Body Mass Index  
    Set BMI = Call setMass(weight, height)  
  
    //Determine the user's health status based on BMI  
    Set healthStatus = Call setOverUnder(BMI)  
  
    //Display the user's BMI and health status  
    Call showBMI(healthStatus, BMI)
```

```
return 0
```

```
End function main
```

```
// Function Definition for getWeight
```

```
Function real getWeight ()
```

```
    //Local variable declaration
```

```
    Declare real totalWeight
```

```
    //To hold the user's weight input from keyboard
```

```
    //Prompt the user for weight
```

```
    Display "Enter weight in pounds"
```

```
    Get totalWeight
```

```
    //Takes the next real number from the input stream
```

```
    return totalWeight
```

```
    //Sends value back to the caller
```

```
End function getWeight
```

```
// Function Definition for getHeight
```

```
Function real getHeight ()
```

```
    //Local variable declaration
```

```
    Declare real totalHeight
```

```
    //To hold the user's height input from keyboard
```

```
    //Prompt the user for height
```

```
    Display "Enter height in inches"
```

```
    Get totalheight
```

```
    //Takes the next real number from the input stream
```

```
    return totalHeight
```

```
    //Sends value back to the caller
```

```
End function getHeight
```

```
//Function definition for setMass
```

```
Function real setMass (real localVarWeight, real localVarHeight)
```

```
    //Local variable declaration
```

```
    Declare real totalMass
```

```
    //To hold BMI
```

```
// Calculate user's body mass index
Set totalMass = (localVarWeight * BMI_FACTOR) / (localVarHeight * localVarHeight)
```

```
return totalMass //Sends value back to the caller
```

```
End function setMass
```

```
//Function definition for setOverUnder, which determines user's healthStatus base on BMI
Function string setOverUnder (real localVarMass)
```

```
//Declare local variable
Declare string wellBeing //To hold the user's health status
```

```
// Determine user's health status based on his/her BMI
if localVarMass is less than MASS_LOWER_LIMIT then
    wellBeing = "underweight"
else if localVarMass is greater than MASS_UPPER_LIMIT then
    wellBeing = "overweight"
else
    wellBeing = "optimal weight"
```

```
return wellBeing //Sends string value back to the caller
```

```
End function setOverUnder
```

```
//Function Definition for showBMI which displays the results
Function void showBMI (string localVarHealth, real localVarMass)
{
```

```
// Display user's BMI
Display "Your BMI is ", localVarMass
```

```
// Display user's health status
Display "You are ", localVarHealth
```

```
End function showBMI
```

6. Test Data:

You will need three sets of test data (so you can do three desk check cases) for height and weight to cover the three possibilities in this problem.

Variable	Case 1 Optimal Weight	Case 2 Under Weight	Case 3 Over Weight
totalWeight	120 lbs	90 lbs	250 lbs
totalHeight	62 Inches	62 Inches	62 Inches

7. Desk Check:

	Variable Name	Values	Values	Values
Function				
main		Case 1	Case 2	Case 3
	weight	120	90	250
	height	62	62	62
	BMI	21.95	16.46	45.72
	healthStatus	optimal weight	underweight	overweight
getWeight				
	totalWeight	120	90	250
getHeight				
	totalHeight	62	62	62
setMass				
	localVarWeight	120	90	250
	localVarHeight	62	62	62
	totalMass	21.94	16.46	45.72
setOverUnder				
	localVarMass	21.94	16.46	45.72
	wellBeing	optimal weight	underweight	overweight
showBMI				
	localVarHealth	21.94	16.46	45.72
	localVarMass	optimal weight	underweight	overweight

Case 1
Enter weight in pounds
120
Enter height in inches
62
Your BMI is 21.94
You are optimal weight
Case 2
Enter weight in pounds
90
Enter height in inches
62
Your BMI is 16.46
You are underweight
Case 3
Enter weight in pounds
250
Enter height in inches
62
Your BMI is 45.72
You are overweight

8. Source Code & Screen Capture

```
//Program Name: LoriaM-Prog3
//Name: Mindy Loria
//Purpose: This program gets end user input for weight and height to calculate BMI
//         and determine if a person is at optimal weight, overweight, or underweight
//Date Created: 2015-10-01
//Assumptions: This program will only run once (no loop)

//Preprocessor directives
#include <string>
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;

//Declare global constants
const double BMI_FACTOR = 703;
const double MASS_LOWER_LIMIT = 18.5;
const double MASS_UPPER_LIMIT = 25.0;

//Define Function Prototypes
double getWeight();
double getHeight();
double setMass(double, double);
string setOverUnder(double);
void showBMI(string, double);

//Begin function main
int main()
{
    // Declare variables
    double weight;           //User's weight
    double height;          //User's height
    double BMI;              //Body Mass Index
    string healthStatus;    //Optimal, Under, or Over weight

    weight = getWeight();   // Get the user's weight

    height = getHeight();   // Get the user's height

    BMI = setMass(weight, height); // Calculate the user's Body Mass Index

    healthStatus = setOverUnder(BMI); //Determine the user's health status based on BMI
```

```

    showBMI(healthStatus, BMI);           //Display the user's BMI and health status

    return 0;

} //End main

// Function Definition for getWeight
double getWeight()                       //Function header; start of the function definition
{
    //Local variable declaration
    double totalWeight;                 //To hold the user's weight input from keyboard

    //Prompt the user for weight
    cout << "Enter weight in pounds" << endl;
    cin >> totalWeight;                 //Takes the next real number from the input stream

    return totalWeight;                 //Sends value back to the caller
} //End getWeight

// Function Definition for getHeight
double getHeight()                       //Function header; start of the function definition
{
    //Local variable declaration
    double totalHeight;                 //To hold the user's height input from keyboard

    //Prompt the user for height
    cout << "Enter height in inches" << endl;
    cin >> totalHeight;                 //Takes the next real number from the input stream

    return totalHeight;                 //Sends value back to the caller
} // End getHeight

//Function definition for setMass
double setMass(double localVarWeight, double localVarHeight) //Function header; start of the function definition
{
    //Local variable declaration
    double totalMass;                   //To hold BMI

    // Calculate user's body mass index - BMI = (weight times 703) divided by height squared

```

```

    totalMass = (localVarWeight * BMI_FACTOR) / (localVarHeight * localVarHeight);

    return totalMass;                                     //Sends value back to the caller
} //End setMass

//Function definition for setOverUnder, which determines user's healthStatus base on BMI
string setOverUnder(double localVarMass) //Function header; start of the function definition
{
    //Declare local variable
    string wellBeing;                                     //To hold the user's health status

    // Determine user's health status based on his/her BMI
    if (localVarMass < MASS_LOWER_LIMIT) {
        wellBeing = "underweight";
    }
    else if (localVarMass > MASS_UPPER_LIMIT) {
        wellBeing = "overweight";
    }
    else {
        wellBeing = "optimal weight";
    }

    return wellBeing;                                     //Sends string value back to the caller
} //End setOverUnder

//Function Definition for showBMI which displays the results
void showBMI(string localVarHealth, double localVarMass) //Function header; start of the function definition
{
    // Display user's BMI
    cout << "Your BMI is " << localVarMass << endl;

    // Display user's health status
    cout << "You are " << localVarHealth << endl;
} //End showBMI

```

```
C:\WINDOWS\system32\cmd.exe
Enter weight in pounds
250
Enter height in inches
62
Your BMI is 45.7206
You are overweight
Press any key to continue . . .
```

```
C:\WINDOWS\system32\cmd.exe
Enter weight in pounds
90
Enter height in inches
62
Your BMI is 16.4594
You are underweight
Press any key to continue . . .
```

```
C:\WINDOWS\system32\cmd.exe
Enter weight in pounds
120
Enter height in inches
62
Your BMI is 21.9459
You are optimal weight
Press any key to continue . . .
```